## Nuts and Bolts

[ Go Back]

## Miscellaneous

Aljebrist applications distributed in byte code form are difficult to reverse engineer: keywords/identifiers are one/two byte values respectively, code tree has no embedded parentheses. Byte code files have a .ALJX extension. Much of the remainder of this web page consists of obsolete material.

## Public Fields

Public fields are Aljebrist fields (method variables) which are declared in a var block, whereas private (inner) fields are declared in an ivar block. Public fields which include getters and/or setters cannot be modified directly using an assignment statement, except within the class in which they are declared. For a field called myfield, the corresponding getter method is called get-myfield, and the corresponding setter method is called set-myfield. For a boolean field called myfield, the corresponding getter method is called is-myfield. For a boolean field called is-myfield, the corresponding getter method is called get-myfield.

## Aljebrist Parsing

Parser uses following sets of initial chars. (in parentheses or on separate line) to help determine class of tokens encountered.

- Alpha:
- keyword (a-z)
- built-in function (a-z)
- system function* (_)
- Identifiers:
- local variable ( $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{Z},{ }_{-}$)
- field (A-Z, _)
- method ( $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{Z},,_{-}$)
- class ( $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{Z},{ }_{-}$)
- Numeric:
- 0-9, -
- Punctuation:
- (, ), \{, \}, \#, ", \$, ;
- Operators:

○ +, -, *, l, \%, \& |, ^, ~, =, !, <, >, :, ?

- Invalid:
- Literal Chars. ( 1, .)
- Symbols ([, ], ', `, @, comma )
* System function names begin and end with 2 consecutive underscores. User-defined identifiers begin with optional single underscore followed by a letter, and may contain letters of both cases. The other 3 types of identifiers (keywords, built-in functions, system functions) contain lower case letters only.

Oddball characters:

- ( $\$ ) backslash found only in string literals
- ( . ) period found only in numeric literals
- ( - ) hyphen found at beginning of numeric literals and 3 operators: negate, subtract, -=
- ( \} ) close brace in string literal must be escaped


## Lexical Scanner (Summary)

Each bottom-level category followed by ( n ), where $\mathrm{n}=$ count, category omitted if zero.

- ALPHA
- KEYWORD
- BLTINFUNC
- SYSFUNC
- IDENTIFIER
- NUMERIC
- BINARY
- OCTAL
- HEXADECIMAL
- DECIMAL
- LONG
- FLOAT
- PUNCT
- OPENPAR
- CLOSEPAR
- SEMICOLON
- CMTLINE
- CMTBLK
- STRLIT
- OPERATOR
- INVALID
- ERRSYM
- ERRESC
- ERRDOT
- Error messages:
- Line no., description


## Lexical Scanner (Detail)

LN \# TYP VAL CNV
==== === === ===
XXX $x x x$ xxx
0001 [ line buf one ]
KWD str op
FUN str
SYS str
ID str
0002 [ line buf two ]
BIN str dec
OCT str dec
HEX str dec
DEC dec dec
LNG dec dec
FLT str val
0003 [ line buf three ]
PAR (
PAR )
PAR ;
CMT \{
CMT \}
CMT \#
STR str
OP str name
ERR str desc
[ omit blank lines ]
Each 4-digit line no. followed by contents of line in square brackets, followed by tokens, one per line.
Global boolean: summary/detail

## Code Execution

All Aljebrist source code is in Polish notation, in which operators precede their operands. The following algorithm is used, in which operators are stored in one stack and operands in a separate stack.
Executable code consists of tree nodes.

```
rightp = root
while true do
    if rightp = 0 then
        op = pop operator
        if op = root then
        return true
        if op = while/for/loopbody then
        pop rightp from operator stack
        continue
        if op = if then
            pop rightp from operator stack
            pop (
            continue
        if op = block then
            pop (
            pop if from operator stack
            pop (
            pop rightp from operator stack
            continue
        count = 0
        while true do
            pop operand
            if open parenthesis then break
            push operand on operator stack
            increment count
    if op = call then
        rightp = handlecall(count)
        continue
    if op = constructor then
        rightp = handlecons(count)
        continue
    if op = callback then
        rightp = handlecallback(count)
        continue
    pop operand from operator stack
    push operand
    repeat count - 1 times
            pop operand from operator stack
            push operand
            rightpop = pop
            leftpop = pop
            push op(leftpop, rightpop)
            // (: obj attridx) => obj...
    if count = 1 then
        if unary op then
            push op(pop)
        else
            rightpop = pop
            leftpop = pop
```

```
            push op(leftpop, rightpop)
    pop rightp from operator stack
    continue
currnode = getnode(rightp)
if open parenthesis then
    push on operand stack
    push rightp on operator stack
    rightp = currnode.downp
else if operand then
    push on operand stack
    rightp = currnode.rightp
else if operator then
    push on operator stack
    rightp = currnode.rightp
else if funcbody then
    handlebody
    rightp = currnode.rightp
else if endfunc then
    pop downto begin from operator stack
    pop rightp from operator stack
else if while/for then
    rightp = currnode.rightp
    push rightp, while/for on operator stack
else if do then
    flag = pop
    if not flag then
        pop while, rightp from operator stack
        pop rightp from operator stack
        pop (
else if continue then
    pop downto while from operator stack
    pop rightp from operator stack
else if break then
    pop downto while from operator stack
    pop rightp, rightp from operator stack
    pop (
else if breakfor then
    pop downto for from operator stack
    pop rightp, rightp from operator stack
    pop (
    pop (
else if contfor then
    pop downto loopbody from operator stack
    pop rightp from operator stack
else if then then
    flag = pop
    if flag then
        rightp = currnode.rightp
    else
        pop if from operator stack
        pop (
        pop rightp from operator stack
else
    return false
```

```
pop downto x from operator stack: // handle pop-downto
    pop multiple from operator stack
    if: pop (
    while: pop (
do block while flag: // handle do-while loop
    while true do block if not flag then break
handlecons(count):
    pop classref from operator stack
    gen objref: root 0/1 = instance/class vars
    push objref on operator stack
    return handlecall(count)
handlecall(count):
    pop objref from operator stack
    push objref
    pop codept from operator stack
    return handlecodept(codept, count)
handlecodept(codept, count):
    repeat count - 2 times
        pop val from operator stack
        push val
    push count - 1
    return codept
handlecallback(count):
    pop callback from operator stack
    unpack objref, codept
    push objref
    return handlecodept(codept, count)
handlebody:
    count = pop
    root = new node
    for i = count - 2 downto 0 do
        parm = pop
        add parm to lst half of tree[i]
    objref = parm
    rightp = currnode.rightp
    loccount = currnode value
    repeat loccount times
        add null node to 2nd half of tree
    rightp = currnode.rightp
```

