

# Pyrenthic

[Pyrenthic](#) is an open source Python dialect in which all operators precede their operands, and parentheses are used for all grouping (except string literals, which as in Python are delimited with single or double quotes). Pyrenthic code can be embedded in a Pyrentags text file. Pyrentags is similar to HTML, except open tags begin with a brace bracket and a keyword, and the closing tag is simply a close brace bracket. Any text enclosed in a tag is preceded by a vertical slash (|). File extensions include .PYR (source code), .PYRA (assembler code), .PYRC (compiled code), and .PYRT (Pyrentags).

## Keyboard Aid

This optional feature enables hyphens, open parentheses, and close parentheses to be entered by typing semicolons, commas, and periods, respectively. When enabled, keyboard aid can be temporarily suppressed by using the Ctrl key in conjunction with typing semicolons, commas, and periods (no character substitution takes place). By convention, hyphens are used to separate words in multi-word identifiers, but semicolons are easier to type than hyphens. Similarly, commas and periods are easier to type than parentheses.

## Special Characters

- ( ) grouping
- \_ used in identifiers
- ; end of stmt.
- : dot operator
- '' string delimiters
- \ escape char.
- # comment
- {\*} \*} block comment

## Grammar Notation

- Non-terminal symbol: <symbol name>
- Optional text in brackets: [ text ]
- Repeats zero or more times: [ text ]...
- Repeats one or more times: <symbol name>...
- Pipe separates alternatives: opt1 | opt2
- Comments in *italics*
- Advanced features flagged as \*\*

## Compiler and Assembler

The Pyrenthic Compiler translates source code into compiled code, and optionally into assembler code. Assembler code is an intermediate language which is much simpler than source code, although both source code and assembler code are in the form of text files. During Pyrenthic development, the developer uses the Pyrenthic Assembler, which converts assembler code (hand-written by the developer) into compiled code. This is a necessary step enabling the PYrenthic Runtime Environment (PYRE) to be tested prior to the development of the Pyrenthic Compiler.

## Assembler Grammar

*Each token is separated from adjacent tokens with white space. Parentheses count as tokens. Consecutive parentheses need no separating white space.*

```
<source file>:  
  <module>...  
  
<module>:  
  ( <mod> [<global>] [<class>]... )  
  
<global>:  
•  ( module ( [<impmod>]... ) [<def>]...  
  [<glbdef>] )  
  
<class>:  
•  ( <class id> ( [<mod>] <base id> ) ( [<var>]...  
  ) [<def>]... )  
  
<def>:  
  ( <id> ( [<parm>]... ) ( [<var>]... ) <block> )  
  
<glbdef>:  
  ( global ( [<var>]... ) <block> )  
  
<mod>:  
<class id>:  
<base id>:  
<parm>:  
<var>:  
  <id> // identifier  
  
<impmod>:  
  <tupmod> [ ( <tuple>... ) ]  
  
<tupmod>: // no spaces  
  <mod>  
  <mod> : <id>  
  
<tuple>: // no spaces  
  <id>  
  <id> : <id>
```

```
<block>:  
  ( <hdr> [<tok>]... )  
  
<tok>:  
  <keyword>  
  <expr>  
  
<expr>:  
  <functok>  
  <vartok>  
  <const>  
  <block>  
  <dot expr>  
  
<functok>: // no spaces  
  [ [ <mod> : ] [<class id>] : <id> ]  
  
<vartok>: // no spaces  
  <id> // local var.  
  [ [ <mod> : ] [<class id>] : <id> ]  
  
<const>:  
  <num> // integer  
  <float> // no. with dec. pt.  
  <string lit>  
  
<hdr>:  
  <keyword>  
  <lvfunc>  
  <functok>  
  
<lvfunc>:  
  <id> // built-in function  
  
<dot expr>:  
  ( dot <vartok><dotelem>... )  
  
<dotelem>:  
  <vartok>  
  ( <functok> [<expr>]... )  
  
<comment>:  
  # [<char>]...  
  // must occur on line by itself  
  // no white space before #
```

## Pyrethnic Grammar

*White space occurs between tokens  
(parentheses need no adjacent white space,  
also any semicolon/hyphen before a close  
parenthesis may be omitted):*

```
<source file>:  
•  [<line-comment>] [<vars>] [ do <block>]  
   [<dec def>]... [<class>]... [ do <block>]  
  
<import stmt>:  
  import <module>  
  import ( <module>... )  
  from <rel module> import <mod list>  
  from <rel module> import all  
  
<module>:  
  <name>  
  ( <name> as <name> )  
  ( :<name>... [ as <name> ] )  
  
<mod list>:  
  <id as>  
  ( <id as>... )  
  
<id as>:  
  <mod id>  
  ( <mod id> as <name> )  
  
<mod id>:  
  <mod name>  
  <class name>  
  <func name>  
  <var name>  
  
<rel module>:  
  ( <colon list> [<name>]... )  
?  <name>  
  
<class>:  
•  ( class <name> [<base class>] [<vars>] do  
   <dec def>... )  
  
<base class>:  
  <name>  
  ( :<name><name>... )
```

```
<dec hdr>:  
  [<dec>]... <def hdr>  
  
<dec def>:  
  [<dec>]... <def>  
  
<dec>:  
  @ <call expr>  
  
<def hdr>:  
  def <name> ( [<var>]... )  
  
<def>:  
•  def <name> ( [<var>]... ) [<vars>] do  
   <block>  
  
<vars>:  
  var ( <var>... )  
  
<var>:  
  <id>  
  
<block>:  
  ( [<stmt-semi>]... [<stmt>] )  
  
<stmt-semi>:  
  <stmt><endchar>  
  
<endchar>:  
  ; | -  
  
<stmt>:  
  <if stmt>  
  <while stmt>  
  <for stmt>  
  ** <try stmt>  
  <disruptive stmt>  
  <call stmt>  
  <asst stmt>  
  <del stmt>  
  <print stmt>  
  <import stmt>  
  
<disruptive stmt>:  
  <continue stmt>  
  <break stmt>  
  <return stmt>  
  ** <raise stmt>
```

```

<call expr>
• ( <name> [<expr>]... )
• ( : <obj expr> [<colon expr>]...
  ( <method name> [<expr>]... ))
• ( call <expr>... )

<call stmt>
• ( <name> [<expr>]... )
• : <obj expr> [<colon expr>]...
  ( <method name> [<expr>]... )
• call <expr>...

<colon expr>
<name>
( <name> [<expr>]... )

<asst stmt>
<asst op><name><expr>
<asst op><target expr><expr>

<asst op>
set | addset | minusset | mpyset | divset |
idivset | modset | shlset | shrset |
andset | orset | xorset

<target expr>
( : <name> [<colon expr>]... <name> )
( slice <arr><expr> [<expr>] )
( slice <arr><expr> all )

<arr> // string or array
<name>
<expr>

<if stmt>
• if <expr> do <block> [ elif <expr> do
  <block>]... [ else <block>]

<while stmt>
  while <expr> do <block>

<for stmt>
  for <name> in <expr> do <block>

<try stmt>
• try <block> <except clause>... [ else
  <block>] [ finally <block>]
• try <block> finally <block>

<except clause>
  except <name> [ as <name>] <block>

<raise stmt>
  raise [<expr> [ from <expr>] ]

<return stmt>
  return [<expr>]

<break stmt>
  break

<continue stmt>
  continue

<del stmt>
  del <expr>

<print stmt> // built-in func
( print [<expr>]... )
( echo [<expr>]... )

<expr>
<keyword const>
<literal>
<name>
( <unary op><expr> )
( <bin op><expr><expr> )
( <multi op><expr><expr>... )
( quest <expr><expr><expr> ) #??
<array expr>
<dict expr>
<bitarray expr>
<string expr>
<bytezero expr>
<bytes expr>
<target expr>
<obj expr>
<cast>

<obj expr>
<name>
<call stmt>

<unary op>
minus   negate
notbits bitwise not
not

<bin op>
<arith op>
<comparison op>
<shift op>
<bitwise op>
<boolean op>

<arith op>
div | idiv | mod | mpy | add | minus

<comparison op>
ge | le | gt | lt | eq | ne | is | in

```

**<shift op>:**  
 shl | shr

**<bitwise op>:**  
 andbits | orbits | xorbits

**<boolean op>:**  
 and | or | xor

**<multi op>:**  
 mpy | add | or | and |  
 strdo % operator  
 strcat + operator

**<const expr>:**  
 <literal>  
 <keyword const>

**<literal>:**  
 <num lit>  
 <string lit>  
 <bytes lit>

**<array expr>:**  
 ( array [<expr>]... )

**<bitarray expr>:**  
 ( bitarray <expr> )

**<dict expr>:**  
 ( dict [<pair>]... )

**<pair>:**  
 ( <name><expr> )  
 ( <literal><expr> )

**<cast>:**  
 ( cast <type><expr> )

*No white space allowed between tokens, for rest of Pyrethnic Grammar:*

**<white space>:**  
 <white token>...

**<white token>:**  
 <rest-comment>  
 <non-line-comment>

**<rest-comment>:**  
 <non-line-comment><line-comment>

**<line-comment>:**  
 # [<char>]... <new-line>

**<non-line-comment>:**  
 <white char>  
 <blk-comment>

**<blk-comment>:**  
 {\*} [<char>]... \*}

**<white char>:**  
 <space> | <tab> | <new-line>

**<name>:**  
 • [<underscore>]... <letter> [<alnum>]...  
 [<hyphen-alnum>]... [<underscore>]...

**<hyphen-alnum>:**  
 <hyphen><alnum>...

**<alnum>:**  
 <letter>  
 <digit>

*In plain English, names begin and end with zero or more underscores. In between is a letter followed by zero or more alphanumeric characters. Names may also contain hyphens, where each hyphen is preceded and succeeded by an alphanumeric character.*

**<num lit>:**  
 <dec int>  
 <oct int>  
 <hex int>  
 <bin int>  
 <float>

**<dec int>:**  
 0  
 [<hyphen>] <any digit except 0> [<digit>]...

```

<float>:
  <dec int><fraction> [<exponent>]
  <dec int><exponent>

<fraction>:
  <dot> [<digit>]...
  <exponent>:
    <e> [<sign>] <digit>...
  <e>:
    e | E
  <sign>:
    + | -
  <oct int>:
    0o <octal digit>...
  <hex int>:
    0x <hex digit>...
    0X <hex digit>...
  <bin int>:
    0b <zero or one>...
    0B <zero or one>...
  <octal digit>:
    0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7
  <hex digit>:
    <digit>
    A | B | C | D | E | F
    a | b | c | d | e | f
  <keyword const>:
    None
    True
    False
  <colon list>:
    : [ :]...
  <string lit>:
    [<str prefix>] <short long>
  <str prefix>:
    r | u | R | U
  <short long>:
    ' [<short item>]... '
    " [<short item>]... "
    ' ' [<long item>]... ''
    " " [<long item>]... """
  <short item>:
    <short char>
    <escaped str char>
  <long item>:
    <long char>
    <escaped str char>
  <short char>:
    any source char. except "\", newline, or
    end quote
  <long char>:
    any source char. except """
  <bytes lit>:
    <byte prefix><shortb longb>
  <byte prefix>: // any case/order
    b | br
  <shortb longb>:
    ' [<shortb item>]... '
    " [<shortb item>]... "
    ' ' [<longb item>]... ''
    " " [<longb item>]... """
  <shortb item>:
    <shortb char>
    <escaped char>
  <longb item>:
    <longb char>
    <escaped char>
  <shortb char>:
    any ASCII char. except "\", newline, or
    end quote
  <longb char>:
    any ASCII char. except """
  <escaped char>:
    \newline
      ignore "\", newline chars.
    \\ backslash
    \" double quote
    \' single quote
    \a bell
    \b backspace
    \f formfeed
    \n new line
    \r carriage return
    \t tab
    \v vertical tab
    \ooo octal value = ooo
    \hhh hex value = hh

```

```
<escaped str char>
<escaped char>
\N{name}   Unicode char. = name
\xxxxxx    hex value (16-bit) = xxxx
\xxxxxxxxx
           hex value (32-bit) = xxxxxxxx
```

## Keyword Switch

*When this switch is disabled (enabled by default), many keywords such as {gt, le, set} are instead abbreviated using non-alphanumeric characters: {>, <=, =}.*

## Pyrenthic Data Structures

1. Node Size = 12 bytes
2. Node List Size = 256 nodes/page x 12 B/node = 3072 B/page
3. Page List Size = 512 page slots x 11 B/slot = 5632 bytes
  1. Bottom level Node List (or Page) has 256 Nodes
  2. Page List or Chapter has 512 slots, each slot points to a Page
  3. Slot = 4-byte ptr. + 2 x 24-bit ptrs. + updated byte
  4. 4-byte ptr. points to node list (page) = null when page is swapped out
  5. 2 x 24-bit ptrs. point to next/prev. pages in linked list
4. Chapter List Size = 2048 page lists x 4 B/page list = 8192 bytes
5. Address Space = 32 (4-byte ptr.) + 4 (16 bytes/node) = 36 bits = 64 GB
6. Page Addr: 4-bit book no + 11-bit chapter no + 9-bit page idx = 24 bits
7. Addr Value: 24-bit page addr + 8-bit node idx = 32 bits
8. Node Types:
  1. Object Ref Node: 0 bit, 31-bit refcount, 0 bit, 31-bit root (attr) ptr., code ptr.
  2. Object Value Node: 0 bit, 31-bit refcount, 1 bit, header, 4-byte value
  3. Lisp Node: 1 bit, 31-bit refcount, 2 x 4-byte ptrs. to lisp, obj ref, obj val nodes
  4. Tree Node: 2 x 16-bit hdrs., 2 x 4-byte values
  5. Stack Node: 4-byte hdr., 4-byte value, 4-byte next
  6. Base Node: prior base ptr., root (parm/loc) ptr., next ptr.
  7. Long Node: 64-bit long, double, or bitarray
  8. Callback Node: obj ref, code ptr.
  9. String Node: 3 x 4-byte Unicode chars.
  10. ByteZero Node: 12 bytes, null-terminated
  11. Bytes Node: 12 bytes
  12. Array Node: same as stack node, used for string, bytezero, bytes, bitarray values
  13. String List: bytezero value, may contain newline chars.
  14. Dict Leaf Node: string list, array node (list of values)
9. Header Values:
  1. node, boolean, int, long, float, double, object, lisp, string, bytezero, bytes, bitarray, array, dict, dict leaf, callback, op, paren, null
10. Binary Tree: has root, max path size = 32 bits
  1. object node
  2. base node
  3. array, dict
11. Class Inheritance:
  1. Code ptr. may point to method in ancestor class
  2. Current class includes all ancestor attributes
12. Page Types:
  1. Book (up to 16 of these), Chapter, Page
  2. Also called chapter list, page list, node list, respectively
13. Swap File:
  1. 16 chapter lists (2048 ptrs. x 4 B/ptr.) = 128K
  2. 16 x 2048 page lists (512 page slots x 11 B/slot) < 192 MB
  3. 16 x 2048 x 512 node lists x 3072 B/page = 48 GB
14. Tree-balancing functionality needed
15. Little or no support for arrays
16. Linked list implemented in library using Seq class:
  1. Data structure: lisp nodes, each node points to current, rest of list
  2. Properties: first/last lisp nodes, count
  3. Methods: pop, push, append, insert, delete, getnode, getnext, getprior



18. PageUpdate(currIdx)
  1. // move pageList[currIdx] to end of occupied page list
  2. **if** prev(currIdx) = 0 **then** firstFull = next(currIdx)
  3. **else** next(prev(currIdx)) = next(currIdx)
  4. **if** next(currIdx) = 0 **then** lastFull = prev(currIdx)
  5. **else** prev(next(currIdx)) = prev(currIdx)
  6. // append currIdx to occupied page list
  7. next(currIdx) = prev(currIdx) = 0
  8. **if** lastFull = 0 **then** firstFull = currIdx
  9. **else**
    1. next(lastFull) = currIdx
    2. prev(currIdx) = lastFull
  10. lastFull = currIdx
  11. updated(currIdx) = 1
  12. return
19. PageSwapNew(newIdx)
  1. Occurs when adding a new node list, forcing an old node list to be swapped out
  2. // newIdx = addr. of new page
  3. // free page list in RAM is empty
  4. oldIdx = firstFull // head of occupied page list
  5. **if** updated(oldIdx) **then** write old node list to swap file
  6. newIdx = addr. of new page
  7. currIdx = oldIdx
  8. PageAppend(currIdx, newIdx)
  9. updated(currIdx) = 1
  10. return
20. NullPointer(currIdx)
  1. Occurs when null ptr. (swapped page) encountered in page list
  2. // currIdx = idx of swapped page in page list
  3. // pageList[currIdx] is null
  4. **if** next(currIdx) = 0 and firstEmpty = currIdx **then** PageSwap(currIdx)
  5. **else** PageRefresh(currIdx)
  6. return
21. PageRefresh(currIdx)
  1. Read node list (of currIdx) from swap file
  2. newIdx = addr. of page just read
  3. PageAppend(currIdx, newIdx)
  4. return
22. PageSwap(currIdx)
  1. // free page list in RAM is empty
  2. oldIdx = firstFull // head of occupied page list
  3. **if** updated(oldIdx) **then** write old node list to swap file
  4. Read node list (of currIdx) from swap file
  5. Overwrite old node list with data read (addr = oldIdx)
  6. PageAppend(currIdx, oldIdx)
  7. return
23. PageAppend(currIdx, newIdx)
  1. pageList[currIdx] = newIdx
  2. // remove currIdx from empty page list
  3. **if** prev(currIdx) = 0 **then** firstEmpty = next(currIdx)
  4. **else** next(prev(currIdx)) = next(currIdx)
  5. **if** next(currIdx) = 0 **then** lastEmpty = prev(currIdx)
  6. **else** prev(next(currIdx)) = prev(currIdx)
  7. // append currIdx to occupied page list
  8. next(currIdx) = prev(currIdx) = 0
  9. **if** lastFull = 0 **then** firstFull = currIdx

10. **else**
  1. next(lastFull) = currIdx
  2. prev(currIdx) = lastFull
11. lastFull = currIdx
12. updated(currIdx) = 0

## Code Execution

All Pyrenthic source code is in Polish notation, in which operators precede their operands. The following algorithm is used, in which operators are stored in one stack and operands in a separate stack. Executable code consists of tree nodes.

```

rightp = root
while true do
    if rightp = 0 then
        op = pop operator
        if op = root then
            return true
        if op = while/for/loopbody then
            pop rightp from operator stack
            continue
        if op = if then
            pop rightp from operator stack
            pop (
            continue
        if op = block then
            pop (
            pop if from operator stack
            pop (
            pop rightp from operator stack
            continue
        count = 0
    while true do
        pop operand
        if open parenthesis then break
        push operand on operator stack
        increment count
    if op = call then
        rightp = handlecall(count)
        continue
    if op = constructor then
        rightp = handlecons(count)
        continue
    if op = callback then
        rightp = handlecallback(count)
        continue
    pop operand from operator stack
    push operand
    repeat count - 1 times
        pop operand from operator stack
        push operand
        rightpop = pop
        leftpop = pop
        push op(leftpop, rightpop)

```

```

    // (: obj attridx) => obj...
if count = 1 then
    if unary op then
        push op(pop)
    else
        rightpop = pop
        leftpop = pop
        push op(leftpop, rightpop)
    pop rightp from operator stack
    continue
currnode = getnode(rightp)
if open parenthesis then
    push on operand stack
    push rightp on operator stack
    rightp = currnode.downp
else if operand then
    push on operand stack
    rightp = currnode.rightp
else if operator then
    push on operator stack
    rightp = currnode.rightp
else if funcbody then
    handlebody
    rightp = currnode.rightp
else if endfunc then
    pop downto begin from operator stack
    pop rightp from operator stack
else if while/for then
    rightp = currnode.rightp
    push rightp, while/for on operator stack
else if do then
    flag = pop
    if not flag then
        pop while, rightp from operator stack
        pop rightp from operator stack
        pop (
    else if continue then
        pop downto while from operator stack
        pop rightp from operator stack
    else if break then
        pop downto while from operator stack
        pop rightp, rightp from operator stack
        pop (
    else if breakfor then
        pop downto for from operator stack
        pop rightp, rightp from operator stack
        pop (
        pop (
    else if contfor then
        pop downto loopbody from operator stack
        pop rightp from operator stack
else if then then

```

```

flag = pop
if flag then
    rightp = currnode.rightp
else
    pop if from operator stack
    pop (
    pop rightp from operator stack
else
    return false

pop downto x from operator stack: // handle pop-downto
pop multiple from operator stack
if: pop (
while: pop (

do block while flag: // handle do-while loop
    while true do block if not flag then break

handlecons(count):
    pop classref from operator stack
    gen objref: root 0/1 = instance/class vars
    push objref on operator stack
    return handlecall(count)

handlecall(count):
    pop objref from operator stack
    push objref
    pop codept from operator stack
    return handlecodept(codept, count)

handlecodept(codept, count):
    repeat count - 2 times

```



```
handlebody:  
    count = pop  
    root = new node  
    for i = count - 2 downto 0 do  
        parm = pop  
        add parm to 1st half of tree[i]  
        objref = parm  
        rightp = currnode.rightp  
        loccount = currnode value  
        repeat loccount times  
            add null node to 2nd half of tree  
            rightp = currnode.rightp
```